

*Name of Committee:* Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Program Project: Cancer Research.

*Date:* February 24–25, 2026.

*Time:* 9:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

*Agenda:* To review and evaluate grant applications.

*Address:* National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

*Meeting Format:* Virtual Meeting.

*Contact Person:* Jennifer Ann Sanders, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 496–3553, [jennifer.sanders@nih.gov](mailto:jennifer.sanders@nih.gov).

*Name of Committee:* Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Program Projects: Translational Cancer Research SPORE (P50).

*Date:* February 25–26, 2026.

*Time:* 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

*Agenda:* To review and evaluate grant applications.

*Address:* National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

*Meeting Format:* Virtual Meeting.

*Contact Person:* E. Tian, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Basic and Translational Cancer Review Branch, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20817, (240) 205–0794, email: [e.tian@nih.gov](mailto:e.tian@nih.gov).

*Name of Committee:* Applied Therapeutics for Cancer Integrated Review Group; Advancing Therapeutics A Study Section.

*Date:* February 26, 2026.

*Time:* 9:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

*Agenda:* To review and evaluate grant applications.

*Address:* National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

*Meeting Format:* Virtual Meeting.

*Contact Person:* Maureen Shuh, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 480–4097, [maureen.shuh@nih.gov](mailto:maureen.shuh@nih.gov).

*Name of Committee:* Surgical Sciences, Biomedical Imaging and Bioengineering Integrated Review Group; Clinical Translational Imaging Science Study Section.

*Date:* February 26–27, 2026.

*Time:* 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

*Agenda:* To review and evaluate grant applications.

*Address:* National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.

*Meeting Format:* Virtual Meeting.

*Contact Person:* Eleni Apostolos Liapi, MD, Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20817, (301) 867–5309, [eleni.liapi@nih.gov](mailto:eleni.liapi@nih.gov).

Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.306, Comparative Medicine; 93.333, Clinical Research, 93.306, 93.333, 93.337, 93.393–93.396, 93.837–93.844, 93.846–93.878, 93.892, 93.893, National Institutes of Health, HHS

Dated: January 12, 2026.

**Sterlyn H. Gibson,**

*Program Specialist, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.*

[FR Doc. 2026–00679 Filed 1–14–26; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4140–01–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

#### Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Correction

**AGENCY:** Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Department of Health and Human Services.

**ACTION:** Notice; correction.

**SUMMARY:** The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration published a document in the **Federal Register** on November 20, 2025, concerning requests for comments on Proposed Project: SAMHSA Unified Performance Reporting Tool (SUPRT)—Project (P)—(OMB No. 0930–NEW). The document contained an incorrect website link to review a copy of the proposed Information Collection. All requests for review copies should be submitted to the SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer at [samhsapra@samhsa.hhs.gov](mailto:samhsapra@samhsa.hhs.gov).

**DATES:** Comments on the ICR must be received on or before January 20, 2026.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit your comments to SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer at [samhsapra@samhsa.hhs.gov](mailto:samhsapra@samhsa.hhs.gov).

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

When submitting comments or requesting information, please include the project title for reference to the SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer at [samhsapra@samhsa.hhs.gov](mailto:samhsapra@samhsa.hhs.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In the **Federal Register** of November 20, 2025, in FR Doc. 2025–20393, starting on page 52413, the following correction is made: On page 52414, in the second column, the first full sentence is corrected to read “The draft tool can be requested from the SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer at [samhsapra@samhsa.hhs.gov](mailto:samhsapra@samhsa.hhs.gov).”

**Carlos Graham,**

*Reports Clearance Officer.*

[FR Doc. 2026–00657 Filed 1–14–26; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4162–20–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### Transportation Security Administration

[Docket No. TSA–2014–001]

#### Intent To Request Revision From OMB of One Current Public Collection of Information: TSA PreCheck® Application Program

**AGENCY:** Transportation Security Administration, Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

**ACTION:** 60-Day notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Transportation Security Administration (TSA) invites public comment on one currently approved Information Collection Request (ICR), Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number 1652–0059, abstracted below that we will submit to OMB for a revision in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA). The ICR describes the nature of the information collection and its expected burden. The collection involves the voluntary submission of biographic and biometric information that TSA uses to verify identity and conduct a security threat assessment (STA) for the TSA PreCheck® Application Program.

**DATES:** Send your comments by March 16, 2026.

**ADDRESSES:** Comments may be emailed to [TSAPRA@tsa.dhs.gov](mailto:TSAPRA@tsa.dhs.gov) or delivered to the TSA PRA Officer, Information Technology, TSA–11, Transportation Security Administration, 6595 Springfield Drive, Springfield, VA 20598–6011.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Christina A. Walsh at the above address, or by telephone (571) 227–2062.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Comments Invited

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The ICR documentation will be available at <https://www.reginfo.gov> upon its submission to OMB. Therefore, in preparation for OMB review and approval of the following information collection, TSA is soliciting comments to—

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed information requirement is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including using appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

#### Information Collection Requirement

Pursuant to the statutory authorities explained below, TSA has implemented a voluntary enrollment program for individuals to apply for the TSA PreCheck Application Program. Section 109(a)(3) of the Aviation and Transportation Security Act, Public Law 107–71 (115 Stat. 597, 613, Nov. 19, 2001, codified at 49 U.S.C. 114 note) provides TSA with the authority to “establish requirements to implement trusted programs and use available technologies to expedite security screening of passengers who participate in such programs, thereby allowing security screening personnel to focus on those passengers who should be subject to more extensive screening.” In addition, TSA has express, statutory authority to establish and collect a fee for any registered traveler program by publication of a notice in the **Federal Register**, as outlined in the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2006, Public Law 109–90 (119 Stat. 2064, 2088–89, Oct. 18, 2005).

Under the TSA PreCheck Application Program, individuals may submit biographic and biometric<sup>1</sup> information directly to TSA. Interested applicants must provide certain minimum required data elements, including, but not limited to, name, date of birth, sex, address, contact information, country of birth, images of identity documents, proof of citizenship or immigration status, and biometrics via a secure interface.

TSA uses this information to verify identity at enrollment, conduct an STA, make a final eligibility determination for the TSA PreCheck Application Program (including a review of criminal, immigration, intelligence, and regulatory violation databases), and verify the identities of TSA PreCheck-enrolled and approved individuals when they are traveling. For example, as part of this process, TSA sends the applicants’ fingerprints and associated information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the purpose of comparing their fingerprints to other

fingerprints in the FBI’s Next Generation Identification (NGI) system or its successor systems including civil, criminal, and latent fingerprint repositories. The FBI may retain applicants’ fingerprints and associated information in NGI after the completion of their application and, while retained, their fingerprints may continue to be compared against other fingerprints submitted to or retained by NGI as part of the FBI’s Rap Back program.<sup>2</sup> In retaining applicants’ fingerprints, the FBI conducts recurrent vetting of applicants’ criminal history until the expiration date of the applicant’s STA. TSA also transmits applicants’ biometrics for enrollment into the Department of Homeland Security Automated Biometrics Identification System (IDENT)<sup>3</sup> and its successor system, the Homeland Advanced Recognition Technology System (HART),<sup>4</sup> for recurrent vetting of applicants’ criminal history, lawful presence, and ties to terrorism and for future support of TSA’s biometric-based identification at airport checkpoints.

TSA uses the STA results to decide if an individual poses a low risk to transportation or national security. TSA issues approved applicants a known traveler number (KTN) that they may use when making travel reservations. Airline passengers who submit a KTN when making airline reservations are eligible for expedited screening on flights originating from U.S. airports and select international locations including Nassau, Bahamas.<sup>5</sup> TSA uses the traveler’s KTN and other information during passenger prescreening to verify that the individual traveling matches the information on TSA’s list of known travelers and to confirm TSA PreCheck expedited screening eligibility.

<sup>2</sup> The FBI’s Rap Back service allows authorized agencies to receive on-going status notifications of any criminal history reported to the FBI after the initial processing and retention of criminal or civil transactions using fingerprint identification.

<sup>3</sup> See U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Office of Biometric Identity Management (OBIM), Privacy Impact Assessment for Automated Biometric Identification System (IDENT), DHS/OBIM//PIA–001 (2012), available at DHS/OBIM/PIA–001 Automated Biometric Identification System | Homeland Security.

<sup>4</sup> See U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Office of Biometric Identity Management (OBIM), Privacy Impact Assessment for Homeland Advanced Recognition Technology System, DHS/OBIM//PIA–004 (2024), available at DHS/OBIM/PIA–004 Homeland Advanced Recognition Technology System (HART) Increment 1 | Homeland Security.

<sup>5</sup> Passengers who are eligible for expedited screening typically will receive less stringent physical screening; e.g., removal of shoes, light outerwear, and a belt may not be required; laptop may remain in its case; and the “3–1–1” compliant liquids/gels bag may stay in their carry-on.

When the STA is complete, TSA makes a final determination on eligibility for the TSA PreCheck Application Program and notifies applicants of its decision. Most applicants generally should expect to receive notification from TSA within 3 to 5 days and up to 60 days of the submission of their completed applications. If initially deemed ineligible by TSA, applicants will have an opportunity to correct cases of misidentification or inaccurate criminal records. Applicants must submit a correction of any information they believe to be inaccurate within 60 days of issuance of TSA’s letter. If a corrected record is not received by TSA within the specified amount of time, the agency may make a final determination to deny eligibility. Individuals who TSA determines are ineligible for the TSA PreCheck Application Program will undergo standard or other screening at airport security checkpoints.

In 2025, TSA established a partnership with U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to reduce the risk profile of passengers who are members of CBP’s Global Entry (GE) Trusted Traveler Program, expedite GE enrollment processing for existing TSA PreCheck members, and enhance the customer experience. This initiative is only available to members of TSA PreCheck who opt-in to CBP’s expedited vetting.

For purposes of the partnership with CBP, once the fingerprints associated with each TSA PreCheck applicant opting-in to GE have been thoroughly vetted through the FBI NGI database during TSA PreCheck Application Program enrollment, TSA will authorize DHS IDENT/HART to share specified biographic and biometric data issued to TSA PreCheck applicants during the enrollment process (fingerprints, the Fingerprint Identification Number, and the Encounter Identification Number), with CBP for reuse during the CBP GE vetting process.

#### Collection Revisions: Enhancing Customer Experience for Vetted Populations

TSA is revising the collection to include the MyTSA PreCheck Identity (ID), which facilitates delivery of TSA PreCheck benefits to recipients; the development of the Customer Service Portal to enhance customer experience and data management; and the revision of post enrollment surveys to reduce customer burden to better serve the needs of the public.

DHS Trusted Traveler populations are vetted, low-risk travelers who have voluntarily opted-in to receive

<sup>1</sup> Unless otherwise specified, or the purposes of this document, “biometrics” refers to fingerprints and/or facial imagery.

expedited screening after undergoing a background check or STA. The MyTSA PreCheck ID is a mobile ID that provides eligible DHS Trusted Traveler members with TSA PreCheck benefits, including a way to verify their identity at security checkpoints and receive expedited screening; the ability to opt-in to TSA PreCheck Touchless ID;<sup>6</sup> and potential future benefits, such as the ability to use the MyTSA PreCheck ID as a visitor pass to allow access to the sterile area. To participate in MyTSA PreCheck ID, eligible DHS Trusted Travelers voluntarily submit certain biographic and biometric information to confirm their TSA PreCheck status, verify their identity and facilitate provisioning of the ID to their mobile device.

The TSA Customer Service Portal is a user-friendly, centralized platform for individuals in various TSA vetted population programs to securely view and manage their profile information from these programs, including TSA PreCheck. Members can view their current program status, upload updated documents, and receive status updates and correspondence from TSA. Active TSA program members must have a *login.gov* account (which requires an email and password) to access and use the Customer Service Portal. TSA PreCheck Application Program members using the Customer Service Portal can view their TSA PreCheck membership information to include the KTN, the specified enrollment provider, and the renewal date as well as opt-in or out of specific program incentives such as TSA PreCheck Touchless ID. The ability to view and manage membership information will greatly enhance the customer experience while providing TSA with up-to-date member data and streamlined processes to manage the data. In the future, other TSA PreCheck benefit holders, to include CBP's Global Entry, will have the ability to view their applicable TSA PreCheck information and opt-in or out of TSA PreCheck Touchless ID.

The TSA PreCheck Application Program enhances aviation security by permitting TSA to better focus its limited security resources on passengers who are unknown to TSA and whose

level of risk is undetermined, while also facilitating and improving the commercial aviation travel experience for the public. Travelers who choose not to enroll in this initiative are not subject to any limitations on their travel because of their choice; they will be processed through normal TSA screening before entering the sterile areas of airports. TSA also retains the authority to perform standard or other screening on a random basis on TSA PreCheck Application Program participants and any other travelers authorized to receive expedited physical screening.

TSA estimates that there will be an average of 8,384,125 respondents over a 3-year period, for a total of 25,152,376 respondents. This estimate of respondents is based on current and projected enrollments with TSA's PreCheck Application Program. TSA estimates that there will be an average annual hour burden of 4,684,077 hours over a 3-year projection, for a total of 14,052,232 hours. This burden includes the new enrollment process for the mobile MyTSA PreCheck ID. There is no burden associated with the TSA Customer Service Portal.

The applicant fee per respondent for those who apply for the TSA PreCheck Application Program directly with TSA will average \$80 for initial enrollments, \$70 for online renewals, and \$75 for in-person renewals, which covers TSA's program costs, TSA's enrollment vendor's costs, and the FBI fee for the criminal history records check.

Dated: January 13, 2026.

**Christina A. Walsh,**  
*Paperwork Reduction Act Officer,  
Information Technology, Transportation  
Security Administration.*

[FR Doc. 2026-00724 Filed 1-14-26; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 9110-05-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### National Park Service

**[N6866; NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-  
NPS0041844; PPWOCRADNO-  
PCU00RP14.R50000]**

### Notice of Inventory Completion: Museum of the Cherokee People, Cherokee, NC

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Museum of the Cherokee People (MotCP) has completed an inventory of

human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

**DATES:** Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after February 17, 2026.

**ADDRESSES:** Send written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to Evan Mathis, Museum of the Cherokee People, P.O. Box 1599, 589 Tsali Blvd., Cherokee, NC 28719, email [evan.mathis@motcp.org](mailto:evan.mathis@motcp.org).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Museum of the Cherokee People, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

### Abstract of Information Available

Human ancestral remains representing, at least, two individuals have been identified from a comingled collection representing 40HW15, the Holston site; 40GN6, the Ebenezer site; and 40MR21, the Harrison Branch site. The two lots of associated funerary objects (consisting of 30 objects) are present. The one lot of associated funerary objects (consisting of 27 objects) are present with one ancestor, and one lot of associated funerary objects (consisting of three objects) are present with the other ancestor. The Holston site is situated on the Holston River in Hawkins County, Tennessee. The Ebenezer site is situated near the Nolichucky River in Greene County, Tennessee. The Harrison Branch site is situated on Harrison Branch in Monroe County, Tennessee. After completing the consultation process with federally recognized Tribal Nations, this site is culturally affiliated with the Cherokee Nation, the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians, and the United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians. It is unknown when or by whom the individuals and their associated funerary objects were removed. It is also unknown when the individuals and their associated funerary objects were transferred to the Museum of the Cherokee People, where they have been housed since that time. To our knowledge, no hazardous substances

<sup>6</sup> TSA is using facial identification to verify a passenger's identity at its security checkpoints using the CBP Traveler Verification Service, which creates a secure biometric template of a passenger's live facial image taken at the checkpoint and matches it against a gallery of templates of pre-staged photos that the passenger previously provided to the government (e.g., U.S. Passport or Visa). Participation is optional. Passengers who have consented to participate may choose to opt-out at any time and instead go through the standard identity verification process by a Transportation Security Officer.